

DIP switch [B] for setting bus parameters:

Baud rate (selectable)	DIP 1	DIP 2	Parity (selectable)	DIP 3	Parity check (on/off)	DIP 4	8N1 mode (on/off)	DIP 5	Bus termination (on/off)	DIP 6
9600 baud	ON	OFF	EVEN (numbered)	ON	Active (1 stop bit)	ON	Active	ON	Active	ON
19200 baud	ON	ON	ODD (numbered)	OFF	Inactive (no parity) (2 stop bits)	OFF	Inactive (default)	OFF	Inactive	OFF
38400 baud	OFF	ON								
Reserved	OFF	OFF								

Configuration

BUS ADDRESS

The device address in the range of **1 to 247** is set at DIP switch [A].
For switch positions 1 to 8 see the table on the back!

Address 0 is reserved for broadcast messages. Addresses greater than 247 must not be assigned and are ignored by the device.
The DIP switches are binary-coded with the following values:

- DIP 1 = 128 DIP 1 = ON
- DIP 2 = 64 DIP 2 = ON
- DIP 3 = 32 DIP 3 = OFF
- DIP 4 = 16 DIP 4 = OFF
- DIP 5 = 8 DIP 5 = OFF
- DIP 6 = 4 DIP 6 = OFF
- DIP 7 = 2 DIP 7 = OFF
- DIP 8 = 1 DIP 8 = ON

The switch positions shown here result in the Modbus address **128 + 64 + 1 = 193**

BUS PARAMETERS

The baud rate (speed of transmission) is set at DIP switches 1 and 2 of DIP switch block [B].
Selectable are **9600 baud**, **19200 baud**, or **38400 baud** – see table!

Parity is set at DIP switch 3 of DIP switch block [B].
Selectable are **EVEN** or **ODD** – see table!

Parity check is activated via DIP switch 4 of DIP switch block [B].
Selectable are **active (1 stop bit)**, or **inactive (2 stop bits)**, i.e. no parity check – see table!

The **8N1 mode** is activated via DIP switch 5 of DIP switch block [B].
The functionality of DIP switch 3 (parity) and DIP switch 4 (parity check) of DIP switch block [B] is therefore deactivated.
Selectable are **8N1 active** or **inactive (default)** – see table!.

Bus termination is activated via DIP switch 6 of DIP switch block [B].
Selectable are **active** (bus termination resistance of 120 Ohm), or **inactive** (no bus termination) – see table!

When bus parameters and bus address are changed at devices with **display**,
the respective settings are shown on the display for approx. 30 seconds.

COMMUNICATION INDICATOR

Communication is indicated via two LEDs.
Error-free received telegrams are signaled by the green LED lighting up, regardless of the device address.
Faulty telegrams or triggered Modbus exception telegrams are depicted by the red LED lighting up.

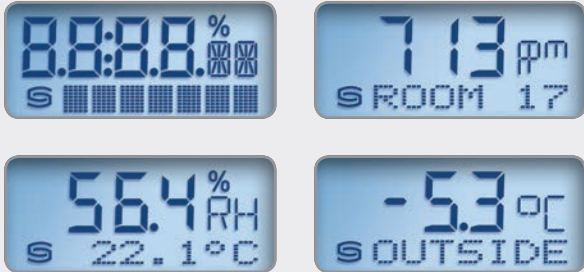
DIAGNOSTICS

An error diagnostic function is integrated.

Display individually programmable
via Modbus interface

Display (Baldur)

Symbols and display examples



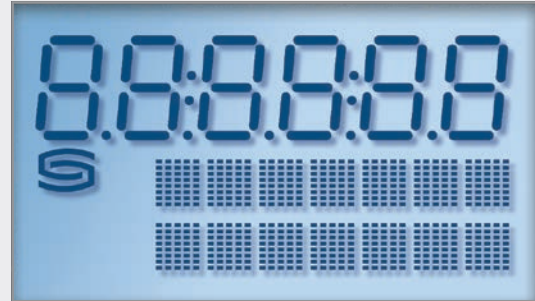
Alternative parameters

Display programmable via index



Display (Tyr 2)

Symbols and display examples



**Individually programmable display area
for two or three-line displays**

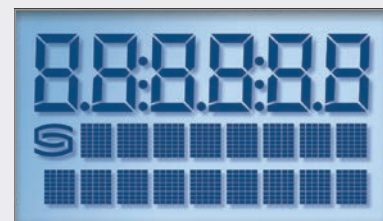
Our displays can be controlled via the Modbus interface.
This means that messages such as those from the PLC can also be displayed.

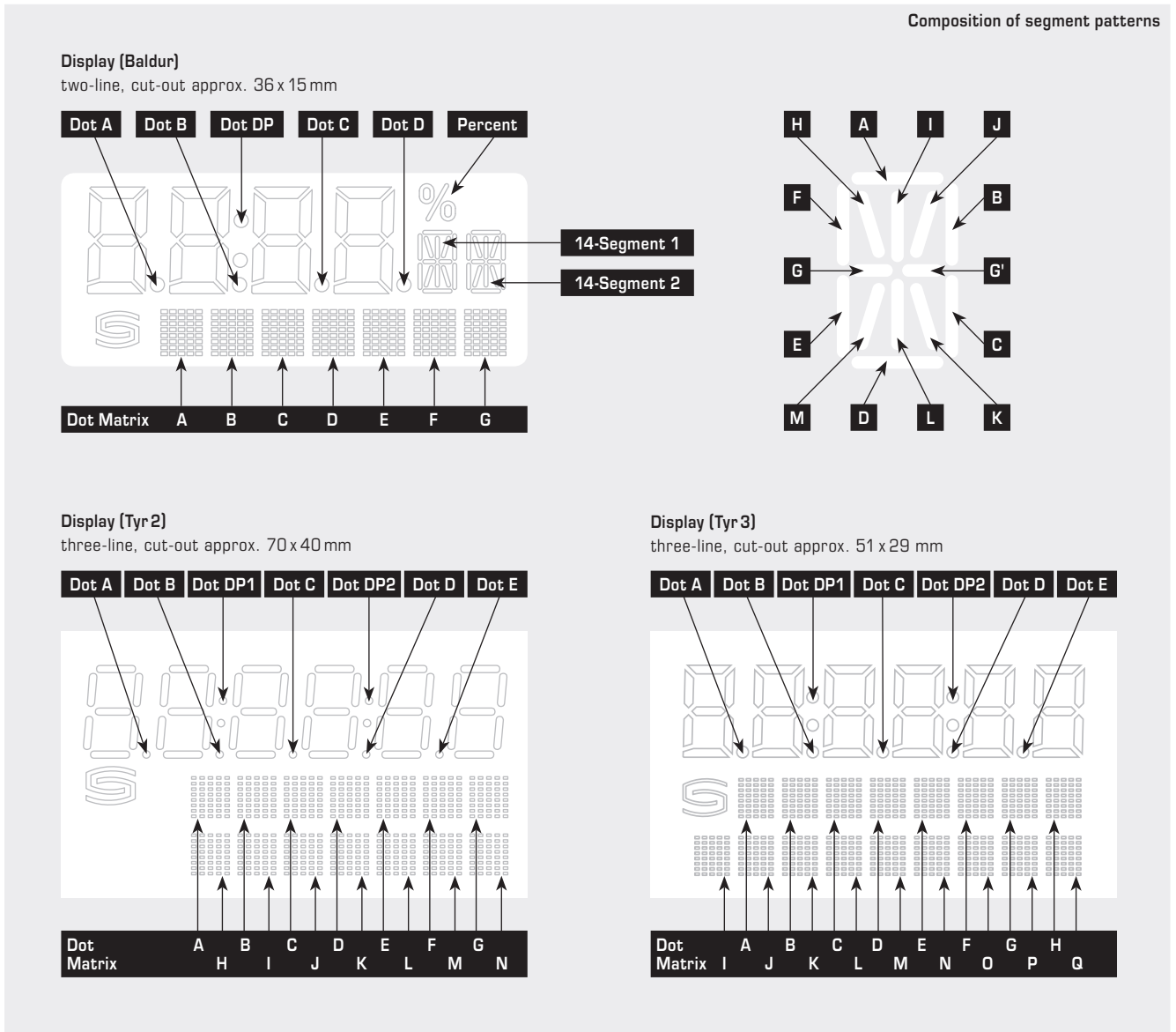
All characters in the display can be individually described both
in the 7-segment area, and in the dot matrix area.

Depending on the device type, it is also possible to display
alternative parameters such as absolute humidity, dew point, mixture ratio
or enthalpy instead of the standard display.

Display (Tyr 3)

Symbols and display examples



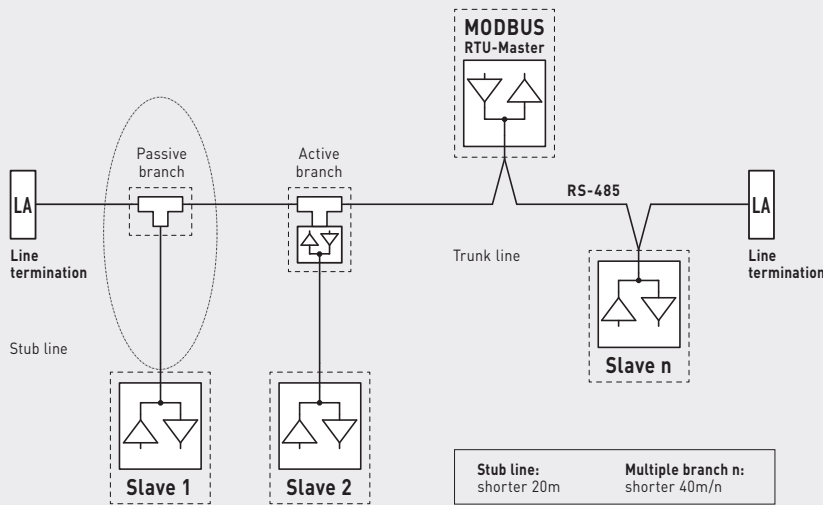


**Representable characters in the dot matrix display area
for two- and three-line displays**

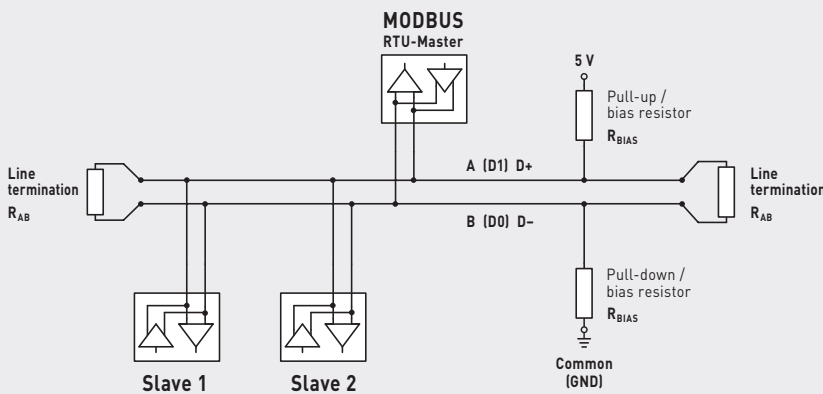
ASCII characters or control characters are displayed as spaces.

ASCII	Sign	ASCII	Sign	ASCII	Sign	ASCII	Sign	ASCII	Sign	ASCII	Sign	ASCII	Sign
32	Blank	48	0	63	?	78	N	94	^	109	m	124	|
33	!	49	1	64	@	79	O	95	_	110	n	125	}
34	"	50	2	65	A	80	P	96	\	111	o	129	ü
35	#	51	3	66	B	81	Q	97	a	112	p	132	ä
36	\$	52	4	67	C	82	R	98	b	113	q	142	Ä
37	%	53	5	68	D	83	S	99	c	114	r	148	ö
38	&	54	6	69	E	84	T	100	d	115	s	153	Ö
40	[	55	7	70	F	85	U	101	e	116	t	154	Ü
41	]	56	8	71	G	86	V	102	f	117	u	223	°
42	*	57	9	72	H	87	W	103	g	118	v		
43	+	58	:	73	I	88	X	104	h	119	w		
44	,	59	;	74	J	89	Y	105	i	120	x		
45	-	60	<	75	K	90	Z	106	j	121	y		
46	.	61	=	76	L	91	[	107	k	122	z		
47	/	62	>	77	M	93	]	108	l	123	{		

General layout of bus structure



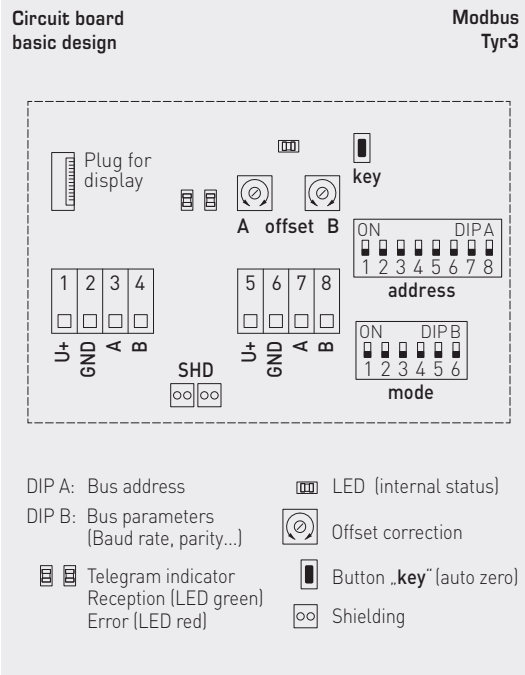
Bus topology with terminating and bias resistors



Terminating resistor may only be installed at the ends of the bus line.
 In networks with repeaters not more than two line terminations are allowed.
 Line termination at the device can be activated via DIP switch 6.
 The bias resistors for bus level definition in the resting state are usually activated at the Modbus master / repeater.

The maximum number of subscribers per Modbus segment is 32 devices.
 When the number of subscribers is greater, the bus must be subdivided into several segments separated by repeaters. The subscriber address can be set from 1 to 247.

For the bus line, a twisted-pair cable data line / power supply line and copper mesh wire shield must be used. Therefore, the line capacitance should be less than 100 pF/m (e.g. Profibus cable).



TECHNICAL DATA	
Power supply:	24 V AC (± 20 %) and 15...36 V DC
Power consumption:	< 2 W / 24 V DC < 3,5 VA / 24 V AC
Electrical connection:	see schematic diagram 0.2 - 1.5 mm ² , via push-in terminals
Bus parameters:	can be configured and addressed via DIP switches in the absence of current delivery (under currentless conditions)
Bus interface:	RS485, galvanically isolated , Bus termination activatable via DIP switches. Up to 32 devices possible in one segment. In case of a greater number of devices, RS485 transceivers must be used.
Bus protocol:	Modbus (RTU mode), address range 0... 247 selectable
Baud rate:	9600, 19200, 38400 Baud
Status indicator:	LED green = Telegram valid LED red = Telegram error
Display:	The Modbus interface allows the display to be individually configured both in the 7-segment area and in the dot-matrix area.

